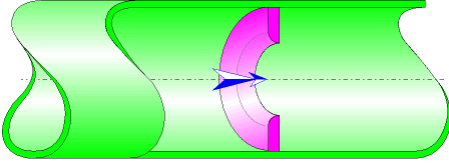




## Rounded-edged Orifice Circular Cross-Section (Pipe Flow - Guide)



### Model description:

This model of component calculates the minor head loss (pressure drop) generated by the flow in a rounded-edged orifice installed in a straight pipe.

The head loss by friction in the inlet and outlet piping is not taken into account in this component.

### Model formulation:

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Ratio of orifice to pipe diameters:

$$\beta = \frac{d_o}{d}$$

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Pipe cross-sectional area (m<sup>2</sup>):

$$A = \pi \cdot \frac{d^2}{4}$$

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Orifice cross-sectional area (m<sup>2</sup>):

$$A_o = \pi \cdot \frac{d_o^2}{4}$$

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Pipe velocity (m/s):

$$V = \frac{Q}{A}$$

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Orifice velocity (m/s):

$$V_o = \frac{Q}{A_o}$$

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Mass flow rate (kg/s):

$$G = Q \cdot \rho_m$$

Reynolds number in pipe:

$$N_{Re} = \frac{V \cdot d}{\nu}$$

Reynolds number in orifice:

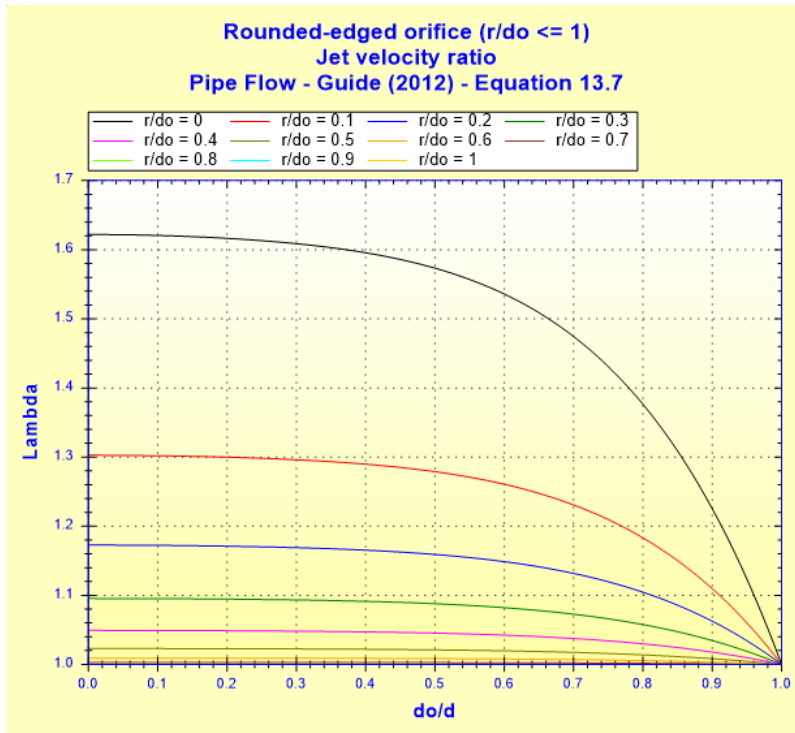
$$N_{Re_o} = \frac{V_o \cdot d_o}{\nu}$$

Jet velocity ratio:

■  $r/d_o \leq 1$

$$\lambda = 1 + 0.622 \cdot \left[ 1 - 0.3 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{r}{d_o}} - 0.7 \cdot \frac{r}{d_o} \right]^4 \cdot (1 - 0.215 \cdot \beta^2 - 0.785 \cdot \beta^5)$$

([1] equation 13.7)



■  $r/d_o > 1$

$$\lambda = 1 \quad ([1] \text{ § 13.3.1})$$

Velocity in vena contracta:

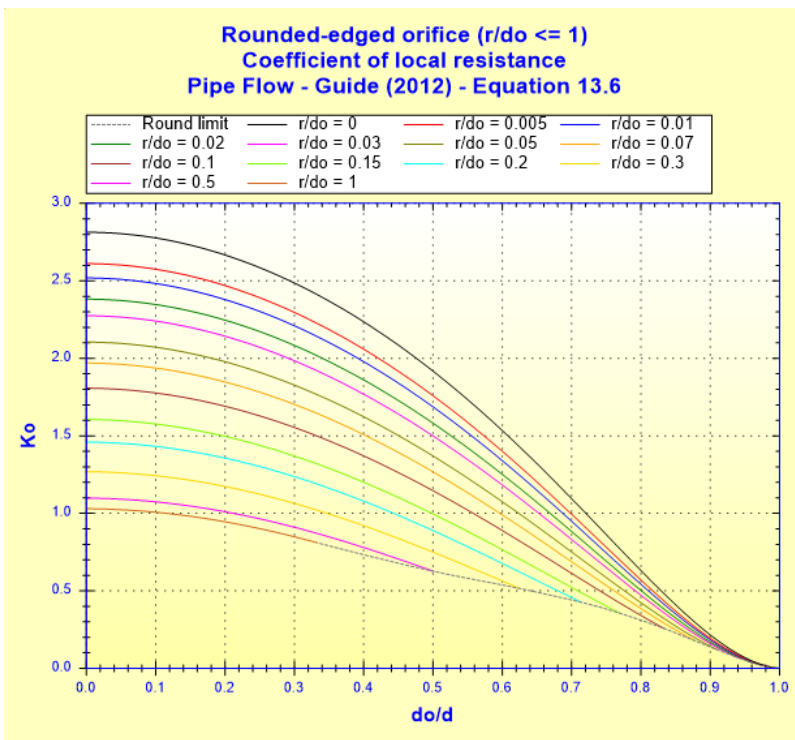
$$V_c = V_o \cdot \lambda$$

Coefficient of local resistance:

■  $r/d_o \leq 1$

$$K_o = 0.0696 \cdot \left( 1 - 0.569 \cdot \frac{r}{d_o} \right) \cdot \left( 1 - \sqrt{\frac{r}{d_o}} \cdot \beta \right) \cdot (1 - \beta^5) \cdot \lambda^2 + (\lambda - \beta^2)^2$$

([1] equation 13.6)



■  $r/d_o > 1$

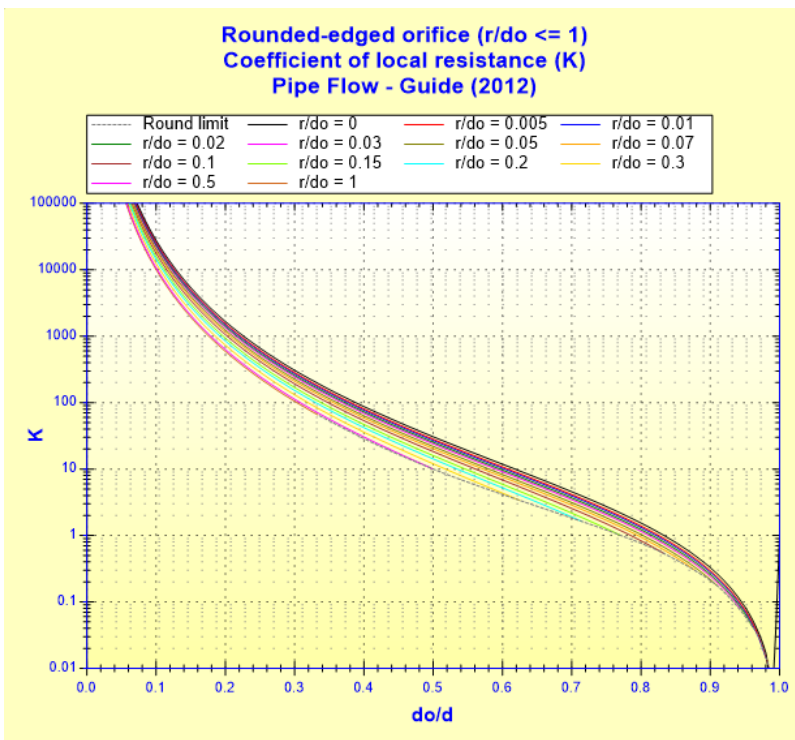
$$K_o = 0.03 \cdot (1 - \beta) \cdot (1 - \beta^5) + (1 - \beta^2)^2 \quad ([1] \text{ § 13.3.1})$$



Total pressure loss coefficient (based on the mean pipe velocity):

$$K = K_o \cdot \left( \frac{A}{A_o} \right)^2$$

■  $r/d_o \leq 1$



■  $r/d_0 > 1$



Total pressure loss (Pa):

$$\Delta P = K \cdot \frac{\rho_m \cdot V^2}{2}$$

Total head loss of fluid (m):

$$\Delta H = K \cdot \frac{V^2}{2 \cdot g}$$

Hydraulic power loss (W):

$$Wh = \Delta P \cdot Q$$

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**Symbols, Definitions, SI Units:**

$d_o$	Orifice diameter (m)
$d$	Internal pipe diameter (m)
$\beta$	Ratio of orifice to pipe diameters ()
$A_o$	Orifice cross-sectional area ( $m^2$ )
$A$	Pipe cross-sectional area ( $m^2$ )
$Q$	Volume flow rate ( $m^3/s$ )
$G$	Mass flow rate (kg/s)
$V_o$	Mean velocity in orifice (m/s)
$V$	Mean velocity in pipe (m/s)
$NRe_o$	Reynolds number in orifice ()
$NRe$	Reynolds number in pipe ()
$r$	Rounding radius (m)
$\lambda$	Jet velocity ratio ()
$V_c$	Mean velocity in vena contracta (m/s)
$K_o$	Coefficient of local resistance ()
$K$	Total pressure loss coefficient (based on the mean pipe velocity) ()
$\Delta P$	Total pressure loss (Pa)
$\Delta H$	Total head loss of fluid (m)
$Wh$	Hydraulic power loss (W)
$\rho_m$	Fluid density ( $kg/m^3$ )
$\nu$	Fluid kinematic viscosity ( $m^2/s$ )
$g$	Gravitational acceleration ( $m/s^2$ )

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**Validity range:**

- turbulent flow regime in orifice ( $NRe_o \geq 10^4$ )
- stabilized flow upstream of the orifice
- round radius less than the radius difference ( $r < (d/2 - d_o/2)$ )

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**Example of application:**

HydrauCalc 2020b - [Rounded-edged orifice - Pipe Flow - Guide (2012)]

File Edit Preferences Calculation method Database Tools Help

Fluid characteristics

Fluid : Water @ 1 atm [HC]  
Ref.: IAPWS IF97

Temperature : T 20 °C  
Pressure : P 1.013 bar

Density :  $\rho$  998.2061 kg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Dynamic Viscosity :  $\mu$  0.00100159 N.s/m<sup>2</sup>  
Kinematic Viscosity :  $\nu$  1.00340E-06 m<sup>2</sup>/s

Density  Dyn. Visc.  Kin. Visc.

Geometrical characteristics

Help Info Orifice plot Calculate

Pressure loss  $\Delta P$  0.1374081 bar  
 $\Delta H$  1.4037 m of fluid

Complementary results

Designation	Symbol	Value	Unit
Pipe cross-section area	A	0.003881508	m <sup>2</sup>
Orifice cross-section area	Ao	0.0009621127	m <sup>2</sup>
Diameters ratio (do/d)	$\beta$	0.4978663	
Relative radius of the round	r/do	0.1428571	
Cross-sections area ratio	Ao/A	0.2478708	
Pipe Reynolds number	NRe	90251	
Orifice Reynolds number	NReo	181275.6	
Jet section	Ac	0.0007887919	m <sup>2</sup>
Velocity in vena contracta	Vc	6.338807	m/s
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Jet velocity ratio (Equation 13.7)	$\lambda$	1.219729	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Coefficient of local resistance (Equation 13.6)	Ko	1.019375	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pressure loss coefficient (based on the mean pipe velocity)	K	16.59141	
Hydraulic power loss	Wh	68.70406	W

## References:

[1] Pipe Flow: A Practical and Comprehensive Guide. Donald C. Rennels and Hobart M. Hudson. (2012)